

Key Findings – Benchmark Overview by Enrollment Status, 2018

Active and collaborative learning: Students learn more when they are actively involved in their education and have opportunities to think about and apply what they are learning in different settings.

Academic Challenge: Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality.

Student Faculty Interaction: In general, the more contact students have with their teachers, the more likely they are to learn effectively and to persist toward achievement of their educational goals.

Student Effort: Students' own behaviors contribute significantly to their learning and the likelihood that they will successfully attain their educational goals.

Support for Learners: Students perform better and are more satisfied at colleges that provide important support services, cultivate positive relationships among groups on campus, and demonstrate commitment to their success.